Examples of South Carolina Historical Markers for Commercial or Industrial Properties, Erected or Approved Since 1 July 1995

**NOTE: TEXTS HAVE BEEN APPROVED BY THE SOUTH CAROLINA HISTORICAL MARKER PROGRAM AT THE SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES AND HISTORY.
SOME MARKERS, HOWEVER, MAY NOT YET BE ERECTED DUE TO DELAYS IN FUNDRAISING.
PLEASE CONTACT MARKER SPONSORS TO DETERMINE WHETHER THEIR MARKER(S) HAVE BEEN ERECTED.**

J. Tracy Power, Coordinator
South Carolina Historical Marker Program
South Carolina Department of Archives and History
8301 Parklane Road
Columbia, S.C. 29223
(803) 896-6182
power@scdah.state.sc.us

Aiken County

2-22
GRANITEVILLE MILL
corner of Canal St. (S.C. Hwy. 191) and Marshall St., Graniteville
(Front) This mill, the largest textile mill in antebellum S.C., was chartered in 1845 and opened in 1847. It was founded by William Gregg (1800-1867), a Virginia native and advocate of industrial development who chose this site for its proximity to waterpower, granite deposits, and the S.C. Railroad. The company provided housing, a school, a store, and land for churches, creating a model mill village. Unlike most early textile mills, it was adequately funded.
(Reverse) Under Gregg's management early Graniteville families lived under strict rules and a rigid schedule, and became a close-knit community. During the Civil War the mill made fabrics for the Confederacy. After Gregg died in 1867 while fighting a flood on Horse Creek the company was run by its board, which expanded its operations. After several changes in ownership Graniteville remains one of the oldest textile manufacturing concerns in the South.
Erected by the Aiken County Historical Society, 2001

2-36
P REACTOR
Road F, Savannah River Site (Not Open to the Public)
(Front) One of five production reactors at Savannah River Plant, now Savannah River Site, P Reactor was the site of cutting-edge neutrino research. In 1956, Drs. Clyde Cowan, Jr., and Frederick Reines used P Reactor to confirm for the first time the existence of the free neutrino, a sub-atomic particle of extremely small mass. As a result, Reines won the 1995 Nobel Prize in Physics.
(Reverse)
P Reactor not only generated prize-winning research but also produced plutonium and tritium for national defense. Built from 1951-1954, it was the second of five reactors here to go on line, running from initial start-up, Feb. 20, 1954, until final shutdown in 1988. During that period, it had the best